

## Analysis of Residual Ethylene Oxide in Medical Devices by Headspace Gas Chromatography

Ethylene oxide gas (EOG) is a flammable and colorless gas commonly used in a medical device sterilization. Its permitted maximum residual levels are set by a range of international and local organizations, including the International Organization for Standardization (i.e. ISO 10993-7:2008) and Japanese Industrial Standards (i.e. JIS T 0993-7:2012). In these standards, extraction can be either exhaustive or simulated-use. The exhaustive extraction entails a solvent extraction and allows a choice between the following two instrument configurations: the gas chromatograph (GC) and the headspace (HS) -GC.

In this article, exhaustive extraction of residual EO by the HS-GC was performed in reference to the JIS and ISO section K.4.4 "Exhaustive Extraction with Ethanol Followed by Headspace Gas Analysis of the Ethanol Extract".

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### Instrument Configuration and Analytical Conditions

In this experiment, the headspace gas sampler HS-20 was connected to the Nexis™ GC-2030 for effective sample introduction. The analytical conditions for GC and HS were in accordance with JIS T 0993-7:2012 as listed in Table 1 and 2.

**Table 1 GC Analytical Conditions**

Model	: Nexis GC-2030
Detector	: FID-2030 flame ionization detector
Headspace Sampler	: HS-20
Analytical Column	: SH-PolarWax (30 m × 0.53 mm I.D., d.f.= 2.00 μm) *1
Column Temperature	: 40 °C (5 mins) – 30 °C/min – 200 °C (20 mins) Total 30.33 mins
Injection Mode	: Split 20
Carrier Gas Controller	: Constant Linear Velocity
Linear Velocity	: 30 cm/sec (N <sub>2</sub> )
Detector Temperature	: 250 °C
Detector Gas	: H <sub>2</sub> 32 mL/min, Air 200 mL/min
Make up Gas	: N <sub>2</sub> 24 mL/min
Injection Volume	: 1 mL

\*1 P/N: 227-36258-01

**Table 2 HS-20 Analytical Conditions**

Oven Temperature	: 70 °C
Sample Line Temperature	: 75 °C
Transfer Line Temperature	: 75 °C
Vial Volume	: 10 mL
Vial Shaking Level	: 3
Vial Equilibrating Time *1	: Standard) 30 mins Sample) 180 mins
Vial Pressurizing Time	: 1 min
Vial Pressure	: 100 kPa
Loading Time	: 1 min
Needle Flush Time	: 8 mins

\*1 The vial equivalating time listed in the Table 2 is an example only and varies depending on the type of samples.

### Preparation of Standards and Samples

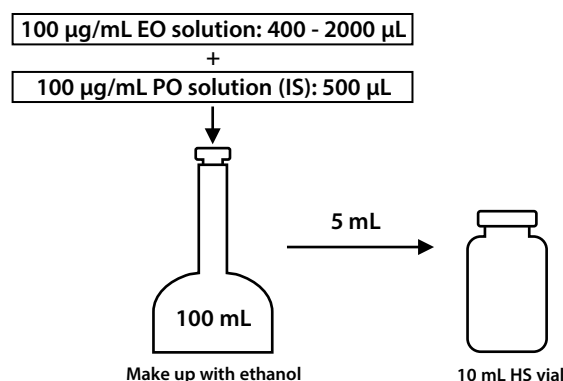
The standards and the samples used in this experiment were prepared in conformance with JIS T 0993-7:2012.

For the standards, a 100 μg/mL EO solution and a 100 μg/mL propylene oxide (PO) internal standard solution were prepared from purchased neat solutions. 5 calibrator points were prepared by diluting the 100 μg/mL EO stock solution with ethanol to 0.4, 0.8, 1.2, 1.6 and 2.0 μg/mL. Each calibrator solution also contained PO internal standard at 0.5 μg/mL. For a calibration curve, 5 mL of a calibrator solution was aliquoted into a 10 mL HS vial and hermetically sealed prior to analysis.

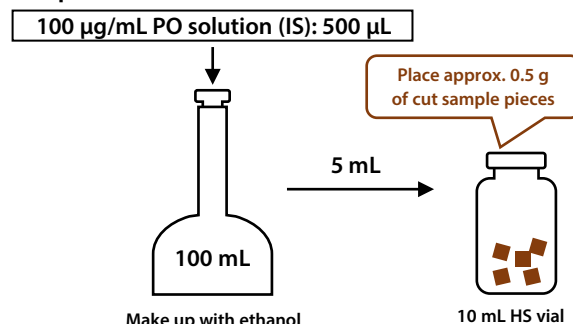
For the samples, EOG-sterilized bandage and suction catheter were selected to represent sheet and tube types of samples respectively. The extraction solution was prepared by diluting the 100 μg/mL PO stock solution with ethanol to 0.5 μg/mL. The bandage was cut into 10 mm square pieces while the suction catheter was trimmed into 5 mm long pieces. Ca. 0.5 g of sample pieces was placed in a 10 mL HS vial along with 5 mL of the 0.5 μg/mL PO extraction solution and hermetically sealed for analysis.

It should be noted that all the above-mentioned solutions and lab apparatus (e.g. volumetric flasks) used to handle those solutions were kept at a sub-ambient temperature during the preparation to suppress an evaporative loss of EO.

#### <Standards>



#### <Samples>



**Fig. 1 Sample Preparation Method**

### System Requirements Test

JIS T 0993-7:2012 contains the following statements with respect to system requirements.

- Resolution between EO and PO be not less than 2.0
- Tailing factor for EO be not more than 1.8
- Relative deviation of the standard curve (RSD) does not exceed 5 % for the range of standards used
- %RSD of the EO peak area does not exceed 5% for the range of the standards used
- Correlation coefficient of the calibration curve be greater than 0.95.

The results obtained in this experiment satisfied all the above 5 criteria.

The detailed analytical results are summarized in Table 3. The chromatograms and a calibration curve are shown below in Fig. 2 and 3 respectively.

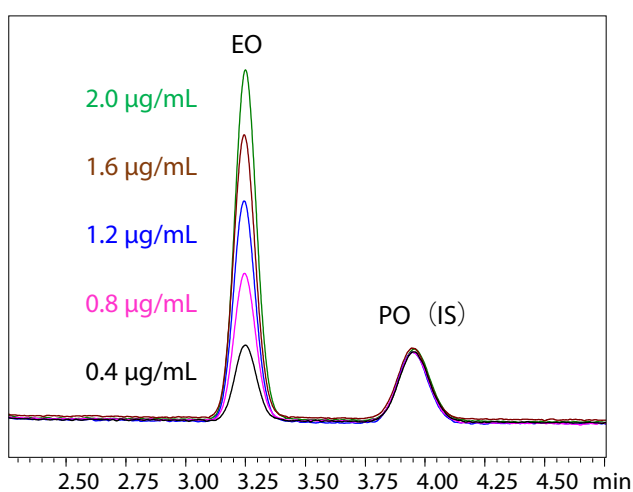


Fig. 2 Standard Chromatograms

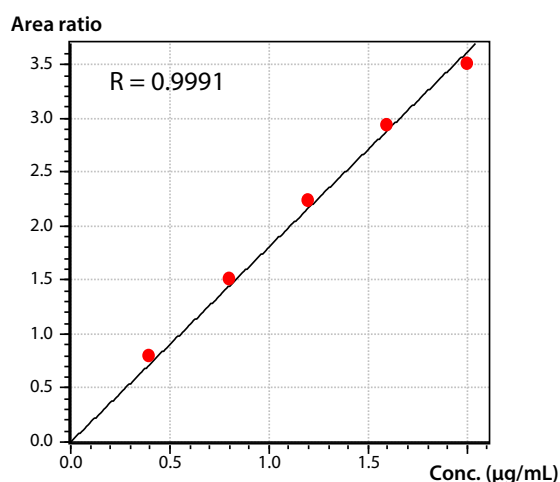


Fig. 3 Calibration Curve

Table 3 System Requirements Test Results (n=6)

Concentration (µg/mL)	0.4	0.8	1.2	1.6	2.0
Mean area value	2930	5614	8324	11054	13433
Area value %RSD	2.285	0.948	1.560	1.130	3.435
Mean area ratio	0.786	1.508	2.234	2.926	3.509
Area ratio %RSD	1.686	1.652	1.223	0.695	2.034
Resolution	3.393	3.380	3.384	3.372	3.371
Tailing factor	1.058	1.058	1.052	1.050	1.051
Limit of detection (µg/mL) *1	0.048	0.049	0.048	0.048	0.049
Limit of quantification (µg/mL) *1	0.159	0.163	0.161	0.162	0.162

\*1 The limit of detection and the lower limit of quantification were calculated at S/N=3 and S/N=10 respectively.

Note) The chromatograms and quantitative results are for reference purposes only and should not be regarded as guaranteed values.

### Sample Results

Fig. 4 are the overlaid chromatograms of the bandage and the suction catheter. The quantitative results are listed in Table 4.

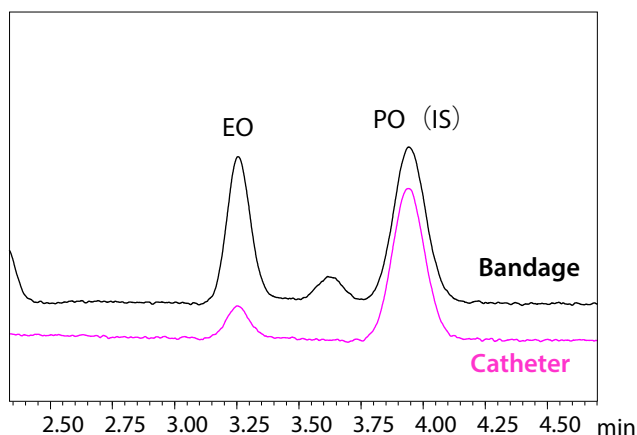


Fig. 4 Sample Chromatograms

Table 4 Quantitative Values of EO in 0.5 g of Samples (µg/0.5 g)

	Bandage	Catheter
Data 1	1.987	0.370
Data 2	2.026	0.412
Data 3	1.903	0.378
Mean	1.972	0.387

Note) The chromatograms and quantitative results are for reference purposes only and should not be regarded as guaranteed values.

### Conclusion

Quantitation of residual ethylene oxide in bandages and suction catheters was conducted by HS-GC in accordance with JIS T 0993-7:2012 and ISO 10993-7:2008.

The Shimadzu GC-2030 + HS-20 system satisfied the system requirements and is considered an excellent instrument for measuring residual ethylene oxide in a medical device.

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